#### Tubule-mitophagic secretion of SerpinG1 reprograms macrophages to instruct anti-septic acute kidney injury efficacy of high-dose ascorbate mediated by NRF2 transactivation

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#### Supplemental Figure S1-7 and Supplemental Table S1 and 2

### Supplemental Figure S1. High-dose ascorbate by itself did not prime macrophages for phenotypic switch during septic AKI. (A and B) ELISA

measuring interleukin-1 $\beta$  (IL-1 $\beta$ ) and interleukin-18 (IL-18) production in kidney homogenate of LPS-induced endotoxemia (LIE) mice with PBS (P), low- or high-dose ascorbate (A1 or A2) therapy (n = 9 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. Iso, isotype. (C) Fluorescence-activated cell sorting (FACS) analyses comparing F4/80<sup>+</sup> proportion in spleen tissues of mice with or without intravenous administration of clodronate liposome (Clod) treatment. (D) Experimental scheme illustrating adoptive transfer of splenic macrophages (Mac) from mice with either PBS (P) or high-dose ascorbate (A2) therapy into LIE mice in which macrophages were depleted by clodronate liposomes in the presence of PBS or high-dose ascorbate therapy. (E-I) Representative images and quantification of iNOS<sup>+</sup>/F4/80<sup>+</sup>, CD206<sup>+</sup>/F4/80<sup>+</sup>, H&E and p-ULK1 Ser555 staining in renal sections from clodronate liposomes-pretreated mice with P or A2 splenic macrophages transfer in the presence of PBS or high-dose ascorbate therapy upon LIE challenge. Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the *P* value ( $n \ge 5$  per group). Scale bar: 50 µm and 100 µm. (J and K) ELISA assays measuring interleukin-1β (IL-1β) and interleukin-18 (IL-18) production in kidney homogenate of clodronate liposomes-pretreated mice with P or A2 splenic macrophages transfer in the presence of PBS or high-dose ascorbate therapy upon LIE challenge ( $n \ge 5$  per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the *P* value.

# Supplemental Figure S2. Mitophagy inhibition or SVCT-1 and -2 knockout in RTECs abrogates the boosting effects of high-dose ascorbate on M2 macrophages. (A and B) Representative FACS histograms examining CD206<sup>+</sup> populations as well as ELISA comparing IL-10 and TNF productions in BMDMs incubated with conditioned medium (CM) from the scrambled shRNA (Scr)- or *Atg7* shRNA (sh.*Atg7*)-transfected and DMSO- or liensinine (Lien)-pretreated RTECs under LPS plus high-dose ascorbate-costimulated circumstances, respectively ( $n \ge 3$ per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc *t* test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. (C) Western-blotting analyses determining ATG7 expression in RTECs transfected with scrambled shRNA (Scr) or *Atg7* shRNA (sh.*Atg7*). (D) Representative FACS histograms evaluating CD206<sup>+</sup> populations in BMDMs incubated with conditioned medium (CM) from the

SVCT1- and/or SVCT2-knockout (KO) RTECs under LPS plus high-dose ascorbate-costimulated circumstances, respectively (n = 3 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc *t* test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. (E) Western-blotting analyses measuring SVCT-1 and -2 expression in RTECs where SVCT1- and/or SVCT2 were knocked out by CRISPR-Cas9 genome editing. (F) Western-blotting analyses assessing levels of iNOS and ARG1 protein expression in SVCT1- and/or SVCT2-knockout (KO) BMDMs stimulated with LPS (n = 3 per group).

Supplemental Figure S3. Tubular epithelium-specific ATG7 ablation impairs renal protection in vivo and anti-inflammatory macrophages polarization in vitro elicited by high-dose ascorbate. (A) Left panel: Representative gel images for the genotyping PCR to verify the genotype of  $ATG7^{\Delta TE}$  mice (n = 3). Right panel: Representative immunofluorescence (IF) images of ATG7 in mouse primary RTECs. (B) Representative immunohistochemistry (IHC) images of p62 and ATG7 protein expression as well as transmission electron microscopy (TEM) pictures of mitophagosomes in  $Atg7^{flox/flox}$  and  $Atg7^{\Delta TE}$  mice. Scale bar: 100 µm and 1 µm. (C and D) Serum creatinine (Scr) and blood urea nitrogen (BUN) levels in Atg7<sup>flox/flox</sup> and  $Atg7^{\Delta TE}$  mice receiving PBS (P) or high-dose ascorbate (A2) therapy upon LIE challenge ( $n \ge 10$  per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. (E) Kaplan-Meier curves comparing survivals of  $Atg7^{\text{flox/flox}}$  and  $Atg7^{\Delta \text{TE}}$  mice receiving PBS (P) or high-dose ascorbate (A2) therapy upon LIE challenge ( $n \ge 12$  mice per group). Log-rank t test was used to calculate the P value. (F) Representative images and quantification of H&E staining in renal sections from  $Atg7^{\text{flox/flox}}$  and  $Atg7^{\Delta \text{TE}}$  mice receiving PBS (P) or high-dose ascorbate (A2) therapy upon LIE challenge in the presence or absence of clodronate liposomes (Clod) pretreatment (n = 6 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. Scale bar: 100  $\mu$ m. (G) ELISA assessing secretion of interleukin-4 (IL-4) and interferon- $\gamma$  (IFN- $\gamma$ ) in BMDMs incubated with conditioned medium (CM) from RTECs from  $Atg7^{flox/flox}$  and  $Atg7^{\Delta TE}$  mice under LPS plus high-dose ascorbate-costimulated circumstances, respectively (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. (H) Western-blotting analyses comparing ATG7 expression in  $Atg7^{flox/flox}$  and  $Atg7^{\Delta TE}$  RTECs.

#### Supplemental Figure S4. High-dose ascorbate favors tubular secretion of

#### SerpinG1 in a mitophagy-dependent fashion under inflammatory stress. (A) Quantification of DAB2, IGF1, SerpinG1, SerpinB2, TNC and VEGFC protein levels in cell lysates or conditioned medium (CM) from SVCT-1 and/or -2 knockout (KO) RTECs with LPS stimuli as in Figure 4B (n = 3 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc *t* test correction was used to calculate the P value. (B) ELISA examining secretion of SerpinG1 in the LPS-stimulated RTECs with high-dose ascorbate exposure followed by withdrawal for the indicated times (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. (C) RT-qPCR analysis assessing mRNA expression of *SerpinG1* in the SVCT-1 and -2 shRNA-transfected HK-2 cells with LPS and/or high-dose ascorbate costimuli in the presence or absence of reconstituted SVCT-1 plus -2 expression (n = 7 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. (D) Quantification of SerpinG1 protein levels in the SVCT-1 and -2 shRNA-transfected HK-2 cells with LPS and/or high-dose ascorbate costimuli in the presence or absence of reconstituted SVCT-1 plus -2 expression as in Figure 4D (n = 3 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. (E) Western-blotting analyses determining abundance of SerpinG1 in renal tissues from $Atg7^{\text{flox/flox}}$ and $Atg7^{\Delta \text{TE}}$ mice subjected to LIE (n = 3 per group). (F) RT-qPCR analysis measuring mRNA expression of SerpinG1 in Atg7<sup>flox/flox</sup> and Atg7<sup> $\Delta$ TE</sup> RTECs with LPS stimuli (n = 5 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Experiments were performed five times, each with quantitative RT-PCR in technical duplicate and real-time values were normalized to glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH). Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. (G) ELISA examining secretion of SerpinG1 in $Atg7^{flox/flox}$ and $Atg7^{\Delta TE}$ RTECs with LPS stimuli (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. (H) Left panel: ELISA detecting secretion of SerpinG1 in the LPS-stimulated RTECs transfected with siRNA targeting PINK1, PARK2 or NIX, respectively (n = 4 per group). Right panel: Western-blotting analyses detecting levels of PINK1, PARK2 or NIX in RTECs transfected with siRNA targeting PINK1, PARK2 or NIX, respectively. Un, untransfected. M, mock. (I) ELISA comparing secretion of SerpinG1 in the LPS-stimulated HK-2 cells with or without CCCP (10 $\mu$ mol/L) treatment (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. (J) TOMM20 staining, cytosolic mitochondrial COX-1

(mt-COX-1) release and mitochondrial reactive oxygen species (mt-ROS) production of the LPS-stimulated RTECs with recombinant SerpinG1 (rSerpinG1, 100 µg/mL) or high-dose ascorbate treatment (n = 3 per group). Data are expressed as mean ± s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc *t* test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. (**K**) TOMM20 staining, cytosolic mitochondrial COX-1 (mt-COX-1) release and mitochondrial reactive oxygen species (mt-ROS) production of the LPS-stimulated and LPS plus high-dose ascorbate-costimulated RTECs with SerpinG1 siRNA transfection (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean ± s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc *t* test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. si.Ctrl: control siRNA. (**L**) ELISA evaluating secretion of SerpinG1 in the LPS and/or high-dose ascorbate-costimulated RTECs with liensinine (Lien) treatment in the presence of scrambled shRNA (Scr) or *Atg7* shRNA (sh.*Atg7*) transfection (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean ± s.d. Two-sided ANOVA

#### Supplemental Figure S5. NRF2 transactivation contributes to the high-ascorbate-inducible SerpinG1 secretion mediated by tubular mitophagy. (A) ELISA determining secretion of SerpinG1 in the LPS plus high-dose ascorbate-costimulated RTECs with alkaloid trigonelline (Trig.) treatment for the indicated times (n = 6 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. (B) ELISA comparing secretion of SerpinG1 in the LPS-stimulated RTECs with HA-tagged NRF2 expression (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. Un: untransfected; EV: empty vector. (C) Western-blotting analyses detecting levels of SerpinG1 protein in RTECs with HA-tagged NRF2 expression. (D) Left panel: ELISA examining secretion of SerpinG1 in the LPS plus high-dose ascorbate-costimulated RTECs transfected with ATG7 shRNA (sh.Atg7) in the presence or absence of NRF2 depletion (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean $\pm$ s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. Middle and right panel: western-blotting analyses comparing levels of NRF2 and ATG7 protein in RTECs transfected with NRF2 shRNA (sh.NRF2) and ATG7 shRNA (sh. Atg7), respectively.

Supplemental Figure S6. Tubular SerpinG1 perpetuates the anti-inflammatory macrophages and thereby prevents septic AKI. (A) Western-blotting analyses examining abundance of SerpinG1 protein in RTECs transfected with vector

expressing GFP or GFP-tagged SerpinG1. CB: coomassie blue. (B and C) Representative contour plots and quantification of FACS assessing CD206<sup>+</sup>/CD86<sup>-</sup> populations in the LPS-stimulated BMDMs with the indicated conditioned medium (CM) treatment in the presence of anti-SerpinG1 Ab incubation (n = 3 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. (**D**) Western-blotting analyses (left panel) and quantification (right panel) testing abundance of iNOS and ARG1 protein in the LPS-stimulated BMDMs with the indicated conditioned medium (CM) treatment in the presence of anti-SerpinG1 Ab incubation (n = 3 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc *t* test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. (E) ELISA evaluating secretion of interleukin-1 $\beta$  (IL-1 $\beta$ ), interleukin-18 (IL-18), C-C motif chemokine ligand 3 (CCL3) and interferon- $\gamma$  (IFN- $\gamma$ ) in the LPS-stimulated BMDMs with the indicated conditioned medium (CM) treatment in the presence of anti-SerpinG1 Ab incubation (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. (F) Western-blotting analyses comparing levels of SerpinG1 protein in RTECs transfected with siRNA targeting control (si.Ctrl) or SerpinG1 (si.SerpinG1). (G) Representative FACS histograms and quantification evaluating CD206<sup>+</sup> populations in the LPS-stimulated or LPS plus high-dose ascorbate-costimulated BMDMs cocultured with RTECs transfected with siRNA targeting control (si.Ctrl) or SerpinG1 (si.SerpinG1) (n = 3 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. (H) Representative images (left panel) and quantification (right panel) of H&E staining in renal sections from LPS-induced endotoxemia (LIE) mice receiving rSerpinG1 administration in the presence or absence of clodronate liposomes pretreatment (n = 5 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc t test correction was used to calculate the P value. Scale bar: 100 µm. (I) Kaplan-Meier curves assessing survival of LPS-induced endotoxemia (LIE) mice receiving rSerpinG1 administration in the presence or absence of clodronate liposomes pretreatment ( $n \ge 12$  mice per group). Log-rank t test was used to calculate the *P* value.

## Supplemental Figure S7. SerpinG1 reverses depolarization of anti-inflammatory macrophages and septic AKI exacerbation triggered by tubular epithelium-specific ablation of ATG7. (A) Representative images and quantification of CD206<sup>+</sup>/F4/80<sup>+</sup>, ATG7 and H&E staining in renal sections from $Atg7^{flox/flox}$ and $Atg7^{\Delta TE}$ mice with or without receiving rSerpinG1 (800 µg) administration upon LIE

challenge ( $n \ge 3$  per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc *t* test correction was used to calculate the *P* value. Scale bar: 50 µm and 100 µm. (**B**) ELISA measuring secretion of interleukin-1 $\beta$  (IL-1 $\beta$ ) in kidney homogenate of *Atg*7<sup>flox/flox</sup> and *Atg*7<sup> $\Delta$ TE</sup> mice with or without receiving rSerpinG1 administration upon LIE challenge (n = 4 per group). Data are expressed as mean  $\pm$  s.d. Two-sided ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc *t* test correction was used to calculate the *P* value.







800

400

200

IL-1ß (pg/mL)

□Isotype ■P macrophages □A2 macrophages



2

3

4

SVCT1 KO SVCT2 KO SVCT1+2 KO

0.0

1 2 3 4 1

- 70 kDa 100 kDa

WB: SVCT2

WB: HSP90









Α





□ Atg7<sup>flox/flox</sup> ■ Atg7<sup>ΔTE</sup> □ Atg7<sup>ΔTE</sup> +rSerpinG1

0.

0

Supplemental Table S1. A list of the secreted proteins significantly
downregulated in SVCT1 and -2 KO RTECs relative to parental RTECs under
LPS stimuli (Fold change $\leq -2$ )

Gene	Description	Description Fold		Chromosome
symbol		change	<i>p</i> value	
CTSB	Cathepsin B	-43.54	0.000455	Chr 14
LOXL4	Lysyl oxidase like 4	-40.58	0.000279	Chr 19
SERPING1	Serpin family G member 1	-36.64	0.009317	Chr 2
SERPINB2	Serpin family B member 2	-28.83	0.002078	Chr 1
SLURPI	Secreted LY6/PLAUR domain containing 1	-25.02	0.000542	Chr 15
FSHB	Follitropin subunit beta	-19.35	0.000375	Chr 2
COL12A1	Collagen alpha-1(XII) chain	-12.37	0.015754	Chr 9
DAB2	DAB adaptor protein 2	-12.06	0.009912	Chr 15
GALP	Galanin like peptide	-9.79	0.001775	Chr 7
IGF1	Insulin like growth factor 1	-7.31	0.014601	Chr 10
CCL2	C-C motif chemokine ligand 2	-5.53	0.022789	Chr 11
AMTN	Amelotin	-5.26	0.015077	Chr5
SFRP5	Secreted frizzled related protein 5	-5.12	0.000625	Chr 19
FAM20A	Pseudokinase FAM20A	-4.83	0.005566	Chr 11
TNC	Tenascin C	-4.12	0.007348	Chr 4
CXCL12	C-X-C motif chemokine 12	-4.06	0.047149	Chr 6
VEGFC	Vascular endothelial growth factor C	-3.07	0.003430	Chr 8
LGALS3BP	Galectin 3 binding protein	-2.93	0.024956	Chr 11

Gene	Accession	Sense, 5'→3'	Antisense, 5′→3′	
	number			
DAB2-m	NM_023118	CCTTCATTGCTCGTGATGTGA	CCCCAAACAAATCCATCTGGTC	
IGF1-m	NM_001111274	CACATCATGTCGTCTTCACACC	GGAAGCAACACTCATCCACAATG	
SerpinG1-h	NM_001032295	CTGGCTGGGGATAGAGCCT	GAGATAACTGTTGTTGCGACCT	
SerpinG1-m	NM_009776	GAGGCTCAAGCGAAAAGCAGA	ACTCGTTGGCTACTTTACCCA	
CTSB-m	NM_007798	CAGGCTGGACGCAACTTCTAC	TCACCGAACGCAACCCTTC	
LOXL4-m	NM_001164311	GCCAACGGACAGACCAGAG	CCAGGTCAAGGCTGACTCAAA	
SLURP1-m	NM_020519	AGCCCACGGCCATTAACTC	CCAATGCCATCAGGGTCGG	
FSHB-m	NM_008045	CCATAGCTGTGAATTGACCAACA	AGATCCCTAGTGTAGCAGTAGC	
COL12A1-m	NM_007730	AGGCAGAAGTTGACCCACCT	CAGTGGTACTAGCTGCAAGGG	
GALP-m	NM_178028	ATGGCCTGCTCCGTACATCT	ACCAGCACTATTGAGGGTCCA	
CCL2-m	NM_011333	TAAAAACCTGGATCGGAACCAAA	GCATTAGCTTCAGATTTACGGGT	
AMTN-m	NM_027793	ATCAGCCCAGTCATTACCAAAG	AGGTCTGACCCCAGAGTGAG	
SFRP5-m	NM_018780	GAGATCAAGATAGACAACGGGGA	TTGCGCTTTAAGGGGCCTG	
FAM20A-m	NM_153782	CTCCGCGTCTCTACACTCAG	GCCACCTTCCTCCGGTAATA	
CXCL12-m	NM_001012477	TGCATCAGTGACGGTAAACCA	CACAGTTTGGAGTGTTGAGGAT	
LGALS3BP-m	NM_011150	TGGTTCCAGGGACTCAAGGTA	CCACCGGCCTCTGTAGAAGA	
SerpinB2-m	NM_001174170	ATTGGCAGTTATGGTATCACCAC	GGTGTGTTGATTGTTGAGCTGA	
TNC-m	NM_011607	TTTGCCCTCACTCCCGAAG	AGGGTCATGTTTAGCCCACTC	
VEGFC-m	NM_009506	GTGAGGTGTGTGTATAGATGTGGGG	ACGTCTTGCTGAGGTAACCTG	
ATG7-m	NM_001253717	TCTGGGAAGCCATAAAGTCAGG	GCGAAGGTCAGGAGCAGAA	
mtCOX-1-m	NC_005089	GCCCCAGATATAGCATTCCC	GTTCATCCTGTTCCTGCTCC	
GAPDH-h	NM_001256799	GGAGCGAGATCCCTCCAAAAT	GGCTGTTGTCATACTTCTCATGG	
GAPDH-m	NM_008084	AGGTCGGTGTGAACGGATTTG	GGGGTCGTTGATGGCAACA	

#### Supplemental Table S2. Primers used in real-time quantitative PCR (RT-qPCR)